

B.B. GUNS

TOWN OF MARKLEVILLE
INDIANA

TRUSTEES

~~Eldon Markle~~ Paul Stevens
Robert Burmeister
Clifton Seal

TOWN ATTORNEY

Lawrence Booram
306-307 Anderson Bank Building
931 Meridian Street
Anderson, Indiana

Dear Parents:

It has been brought to the attention of the town board that due to the stray shots or otherwise from B-B guns, Co-2 and pellets guns caused a considerable amount of glass breakage in the town

As a result we have instructed the town marshal to take any of the above guns in which he thinks are being shot in a reckless manner.

It is common knowledge that the parents will be held responsible for any breakage in which their child is caught.

The guns may be picked up at the marshal's office by the parent.

THE LOSS OF A EYE CAN NEVER BE RETURNED.


Town Marshal

ORDINANCE CONCERNING LIVESTOCK IN TOWN OF MARKLEVILLE.
JUNE 1974.
CUMULATIVE CAP. IMPROVEMENT. FEB. 1966
CONCERNING TRAILER HOMES IN CORPORATE LIMITS.
JUNE*1970.

ANNEX LOT # 10 OCT.1972

SALARY ORDINANCE***NOV. 1968 & 1971.

DOG ORDINANCE SEPT. 1965 #1

ORDINANCE OF TRAFFIC REGULATIONS. 1965

CURFEW ORDINANCE- OCT. 1964

PARKING ORDINANCE-1968

A COPY OF GENERAL OFFENCE ORDINANCES. 1969

SPEED LIMIT ORDINANCE ON STATE STREET* 1975. FEB. & JULY

ORDINANCE # 2 ANNEXATION.

ORDINANCE AMENDING CURFEW -OCT. 1972

ORDINANCE CONCERNING BB GUNS-

ORDINANCE & COPIES OF SPEED LIMITS--JULY 1975

Proposed Ordinance of Annexation -Oct. 1977.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF MARKLEVILLE, INDIANA

From

Markleville Police Department

DOGS: Running at Large PROHIBITED. It shall be unlawful for the owner or any other person having the possession, care, custody or control thereof, to permit any dog, over the age of three months, to run at large upon the public streets, places or walks within the Town of Markleville unless such dog shall be under the control of the owner or shall be attached to a leash of sufficient strength to restrain such dog.

Other rules which govern dogs within Markleville, Indiana are:

1. Anti-rabies vaccination of dogs are required.,
2. Reports of all humans and animals bitten are to go directly to the Chief Marshal of Markleville., and
3. All dogs must have a license.

PENALTY: Any person violating any provision of this ordinance shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined in a sum of not less than \$10.00 nor more than \$300.00 (per incident). CHARGES WILL BE FILED. This is a warning.

The Markleville Police Department has received many complaints in reference to dogs. Reports of children being bitten, dogs in trash, and dogs running in packs.

We hope that you will co-operate and keep your dog tied, or in a pen.

We want to keep Markleville a, clean, pleasant and safe place to live.

To: _____

Keggie Baker Jr.
Air Quality Planner
(317) 633-0639

AIR POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD
OF THE STATE OF INDIANA

325 IAC 4-1
Formerly APC 2

OPEN BURNING LIMITATIONS

- Section 1. Applicability - This Rule establishes standards for the open burning of material which would result in emissions of regulated pollutants and applies everywhere in the State. However, this Rule shall not apply in areas where acts permitted by Section 3 or authorized by variance pursuant to Section 4 are prohibited by other State and/or local laws, regulations, or ordinances such as IC 13-7-4-1(g).
- Section 2. Prohibition - No persons shall open burn any material except as provided in Section 3 or Section 4.
- Section 3. Exemptions
- (a) The following types of fires are permitted:
- (1) Fires celebrating Twelfth Night Ceremonies.
 - (2) Fires celebrating school pep rallies.
 - (3) Fires celebrating scouting activities.
 - (4) Camp fires.
 - (5) Residential burning--where residence contains four or fewer units. Burning shall be in a noncombustible container with enclosed sides, a bottom, and a mesh covering with openings no larger than $\frac{1}{4}$ " square. Burning is prohibited in apartment complexes and mobile home parks.
 - (6) Farm burning--wood products derived from farming operations. Clearing operations (Section 4(a)(4)) are not considered farm burning.
 - (7) Waste oil burning--where the waste oil has been collected in a properly constructed and located pit as prescribed in 310 IAC 7-1-37(A) (Rule 37A of the Division of Oil and Gas, Department of Natural Resources) at an oil well. Each oil pit may be burned once every two (2) months and all the oil must be completely burned within thirty (30) minutes after ignition.

- (b) All exemptions shall be subject to the following:
- (1) Only wood products shall be burned unless otherwise stated above.
 - (2) Fires shall be attended at all times until completely extinguished.
 - (3) If fires create an air pollution problem, a nuisance, or a fire hazard, they shall be extinguished.
 - (4) All residential, farm operation, and waste oil burning shall occur during daylight hours during which the fires may be replenished, but only in such a manner that nearly all of the burning material is consumed by sunset.
 - (5) No burning shall be conducted during unfavorable meteorological conditions such as temperature inversions, high winds, air stagnation, etc.

Section 4. Variances

- (a) Burning with prior approval of the Board or its designated agent may be authorized for the following:
- (1) Emergency burning of petroleum products.
 - (2) Burning of refuse consisting of material resulting from a natural disaster.
 - (3) Burning for the purpose of fire training.
 - (4) Burning of natural growth derived from a clearing operation, i.e., removal of natural growth for change in use of the land.
 - (5) Burning of highly explosive or other dangerous materials.
- (b) Burning not exempted by Section 3 may be permitted with prior receipt of a variance application and approval of the Board.

Section 5. Liability - Any person who allows the accumulation or existence of combustible material which constitutes or contributes to a fire causing air pollution shall not be excused from responsibility therefore on the basis that said fire was accidental or an act of God.

to obstruct the same or as to hinder or annoy passers
of adjacent premises, or as to interfere with the activities
carried on on the premises.

**SUGGESTED GENERAL OFFENSES ORDINANCE
CONCERNING DISORDERLY CONDUCT, UNLAW-
FUL CONGREGATING, DISTURBING PLACE OF
WORSHIP, MINOR CURFEW, INTERFERENCE
WITH OFFICIALS, CIVIL EMERGENCIES**

Section 1. DISORDERLY CONDUCT. It is unlawful for any person or persons, to disturb the peace and quiet of the City or of its inhabitants by loud talking or by the making of unusual noises, or by the crying of any alarm without good cause, or by threatening any person or challenging him to fight or menacing him with physical injury or pecuniary loss, or by accosting or approaching any person of the opposite sex unknown to such person and by word, sign or gesture attempting to speak to or become acquainted with such person against his or her will except in the transaction of legitimate business.

Section 2. CONGREGATING IN PUBLIC PLACES. It is unlawful for any person to congregate or cause to be congregated a crowd of three or more persons upon any public street, alley, sidewalk, parking lot, school or school grounds, building, or any other public place within the City so as to obstruct the same or as to hinder or annoy passers-by or occupants of adjacent premises, or as to interfere with the activities normally carried on on the premises.

Section 3. DISTURBING PLACE OF WORSHIP OR MEETINGS. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons within the city by any loud or unnecessary talking or shouting or by any threatening, abusive, profane or obscene language or violent action, or by any other rude behavior, to interrupt, molest, annoy or disturb any group of persons convened for the purpose of worship, or in like manner to interrupt, molest, annoy or disturb any meeting of persons met together for any lawful purpose.

Section 4. MINOR CURFEW. It shall be unlawful for any person under the age of sixteen (16) years to be upon the public streets, alleys, public places, public grounds, or public thoroughfares of the City during the hours from 10:00 PM official City time to 5:00 AM official City time. It shall also be unlawful for any parent, guardian or other adult person having the care of custody of any person under the age of sixteen (16) years knowingly to permit such minor person to be upon the streets, alleys, public places, public grounds, or public thoroughfares of the City during the above mentioned hours. The provisions of this section shall not apply when such minor person is accompanied by parent, guardian or other adult person having care or custody of such person, or while such minor is engaged in some necessary business.

Section 5. INTERFERENCE WITH OFFICIALS. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to intentionally impede or interfere, or attempt to impede or interfere with any policeman, fireman or any other city official in the performance of his duty or emergency functions as a fireman, policeman or city official.

Section 6. CIVIL EMERGENCIES.

(A) Definitions

(1) A civil emergency is hereby defined to be:

- (a) A riot of unlawful assembly characterized by the use of actual force of violence or any threat to use force if accompanied by immediate power to execute such force by three or more persons acting together without authority of law; or
- (b) Any natural disaster or man-made calamity including flood, conflagration, cyclone, tornado, earthquake or explosion within the corporate limits of the city resulting in the death or injury of persons or the destruction of property to such an extent that extraordinary measures must be taken to protect the public health, safety and welfare.

- (2) Curfew is hereby defined as a prohibition against any person or persons walking, running, loitering, standing or motoring upon any alley, street, highway, public property or vacant premises within the corporate limits of the city during the hours in which a curfew has been imposed, excepting persons officially designated to duty with reference to said civil emergency.
- (B) Proclamation by mayor. When in the judgment of the mayor a civil emergency as defined herein is deemed to exist, he shall forthwith proclaim in writing the existence of same. In case of the absence of the Mayor from the city, the Chief of Police shall be authorized to act in his stead.
 - (C) Imposition of Curfew. After proclamation of a civil emergency by the Mayor, he may order a general curfew applicable to such geographical areas of the city or to be city as a whole, as he deems advisable and applicable during such hours of the day or night as he deems necessary in the interest of the public safety and welfare.
 - (D) Additional regulations. After proclamation of a civil emergency, the mayor may also in the interest of public safety and welfare make any or all of the following orders:
 - (1) Order the closing of all retail liquor stores.
 - (2) Order the closing of all taverns.
 - (3) Order the closing of all private clubs or portions thereof wherein the consumption of intoxicating liquor and/or beer is permitted.
 - (4) Order the discontinuance of the sale of beer.
 - (5) Order the discontinuance of selling, distributing or giving away gasoline or other liquid flammable or combustible products in any container other than a gasoline tank properly affixed to a motor vehicle.
 - (6) Order the closing of gasoline stations and other establishments, the chief activity of which is the sale, distribution or dispensing of liquid flammable or combustible products.
 - (7) Order the discontinuance of selling, distributing, dispensing or giving away of firearms and/or ammunition.
 - (8) Issue such other orders as are imminently necessary for the protection of life and property.
 - (E) Emergency powers. During the period of a declared state of emergency, the mayor shall have the power to invoke any or all of the following provisions:
 - (1) Alcoholic beverages. No person shall consume any alcoholic beverages in a public street or place which is publicly owned, or in any motor vehicle driven or parked thereon which is within a duly designated restricted area.

- (2) Weapons. No person shall carry or possess any rock, bottle, club, brick or weapon, who uses or intends to use the same unlawfully against the persons or property of another.
- (3) Incendiary missiles. No person shall make, carry, possess or use any type of "Molotov Cocktail," gasoline or petroleum base fire bomb or other incendiary missile.
- (4) Restricted areas. No person shall enter any area designated by the mayor as a restricted area unless in the performance of official duties or with written permission from the mayor or his duly designated representative, or such person shall prove residence therein.

Section 7. PENALTY. Any person violating any provision of this ordinance or any order made by the Mayor of the City in accordance with the terms of this ordinance shall be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500), and/or imprisonment in the city jail for a period not to exceed six (6) months.